

German Aortic Valve RegistrY

Deutsches Aortenklappenregister



Quality of life in 9985 patients following aortic valve replacement: One-year results from the German Aortic Valve Registry

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on behalf of GARY







Design:

Prospective, controlled, multicenter registry

Inclusion:

All consecutive patients undergoing an invasive therapy for acquired aortic valve disease

Exclusion:

No informed consent by the patient



Support / Management / Sponsorship



Support

German Society for Thoracic Cardiovasc. Surg. (DGTHG) German Cardiac Society (DGK) German Heart Foundation (DHS)

Data management

BQS – Institute for Quality & Patient Safety

Sponsorship

Investigator initiated study with unrestricted grants: Edwards, Medtronic, Jena Valve, Symetis, St Jude, Sorin, Direct Flow



Quality of Life Measurement

EQ-5D – 3 Level and VAS



EQ-5 Dimensions – 3 Level

Mobility

I have no problems in walking about

I have some problems in walking about

I am confined to bed

Self-Care

I have no problems with self-care

I have some problems washing or dressing myself

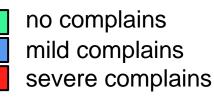
- I am unable to wash or dress myself
- Usual Activities (e.g. work, study, housework, family or leisure activities) I have no problems with performing my usual activities I have some problems with performing my usual activities I am unable to perform my usual activities

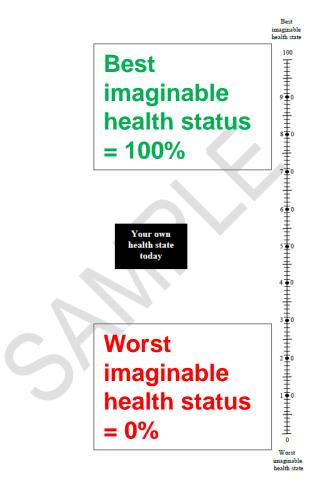
Pain/Discomfort

I have no pain or discomfort I have moderate pain or discomfort I have extreme pain or discomfort

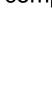
Anxiety/Depression

I am not anxious or depressed I am moderately anxious or depressed I am extremely anxious or depressed





Visual analogue scale (VAS)

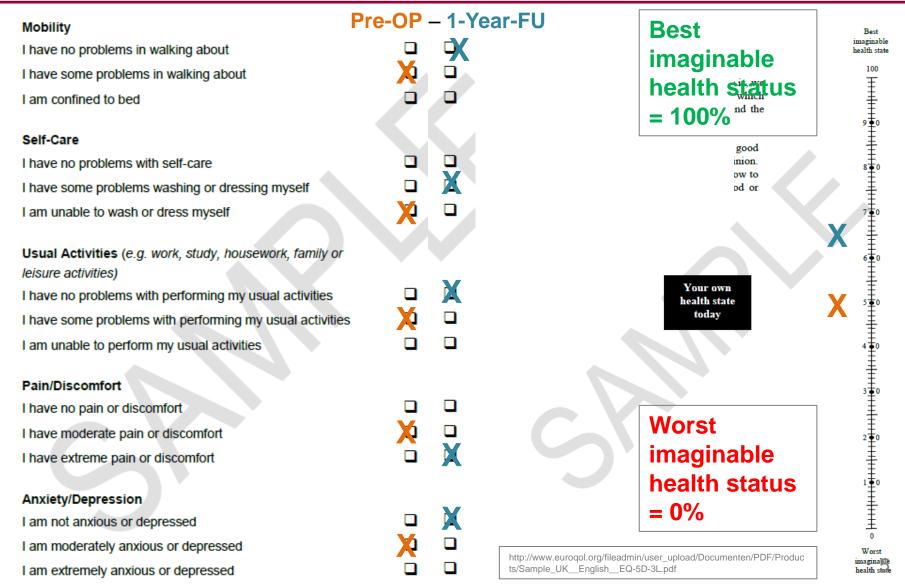


Quality of Life Measurement

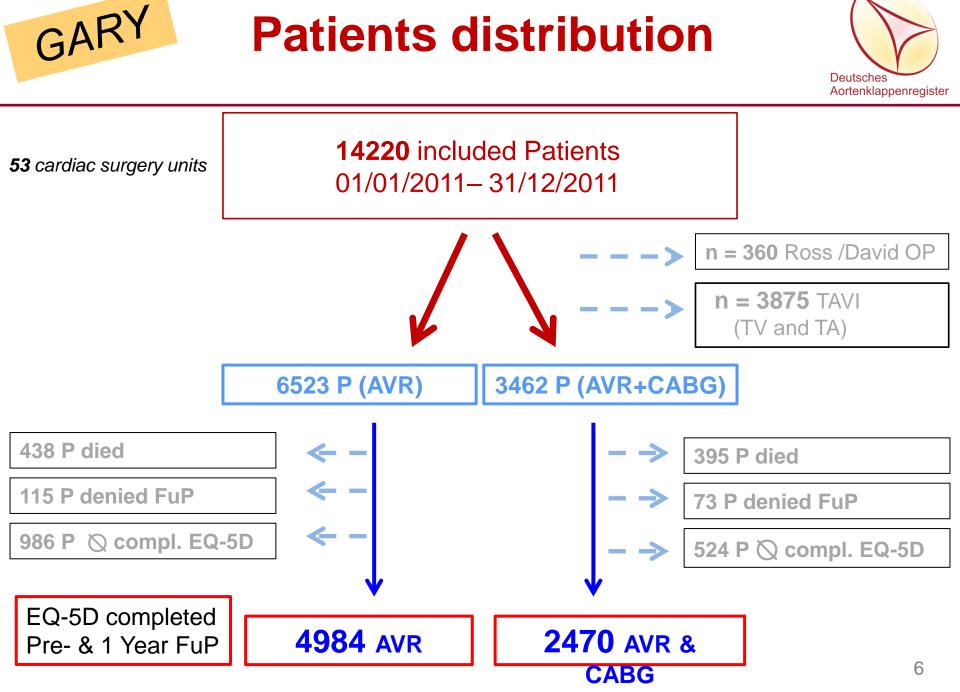
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EQ-5D – 3 Level and VAS/pre-OP and 1-year FU





Patients distribution





Preoperative patient characteristics



	AVR n = 4984	AVR & CABG n = 2470	P-Value
Age [years] Mean ± SD	68.2 ±11.0	72.3 ±7.9	< 0.001
Age >= 75	32.2%	43.8%	< 0.001
Female	38.4%	26.4 %	< 0.001
CAD	18.4%	97.6%	< 0.001
Previous cardiac Surgery	8.5%	6.1%	< 0.001
Pulmonary hypertension	9.8%	9.7%	0.868
Diabetes (insulin dependent)	7.9%	11.6%	< 0.001
Atrial fibrillation	14.8%	13.8%	0.264
COPD requir. medication	5.9%	6.5%	0.356
EF [%] > 50 30-50 < 30	77.6% 19.7% 2.7%	68.9% 26.7% 4.4%	< 0.001



Preoperative patient characteristics

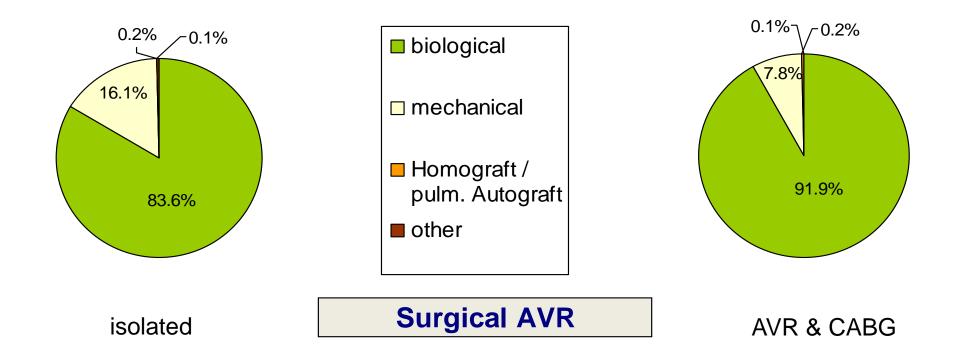


	AVR n = 4984	AVR & CABG n = 2470	P-Value
Active endocarditis	2.7%	1.4%	< 0.001
Peripheral arterial vascular disease	4.0%	11.2%	< 0.001
AÖF [cm²] Mean ± SD	0.86 ±0.67	0.85 ±0.51	< 0.001
Pmean [mmHg] Mean ± SD	44.5 ±19.6	41.7 ±17.4	< 0.001
Pmax [mmHg] Mean ± SD	70.3 ±29.5	66.2 ±26.1	< 0.001
MI ≥2°	13.9%	13.4%	0.561
Log ES Mean ± SD	8.2 ±8.9	10.1 ±9.7	< 0.001
German AV Score Mean ± SD	2.2 ±2.8	2.7 ±3.4	< 0.001



Prosthesis







Postoperative patient characteristics



	AVR n = 4984	AVR & CABG n = 2470	P-Value
TIA	0.9%	1.5%	0.022
Stroke	1.0%	1.4%	0.136
Myocardial infarction	0.3%	0.3%	0.821
New onset Afib	5.4%	5.6%	0.727
New onset pace- maker / aicd implant.	4.4%	3.9%	0.345
Dialysis (new onset)			0.427
temporary	1.9%	2.2%	
chronic	0.1%	0.2%	
PostOP In-hospital stay [days] Mean ± SD	11.8 ±7.2	12.7 ±8.3	< 0.001
PostOP Intensive care [days] Mean ± SD	3.2 ±5.2	4.2 ±6.2	< 0.001

Kaplan-Meier Time-to-Event Curve



AVR + CABG

4.5%

4.5%

9.2%

11.0%

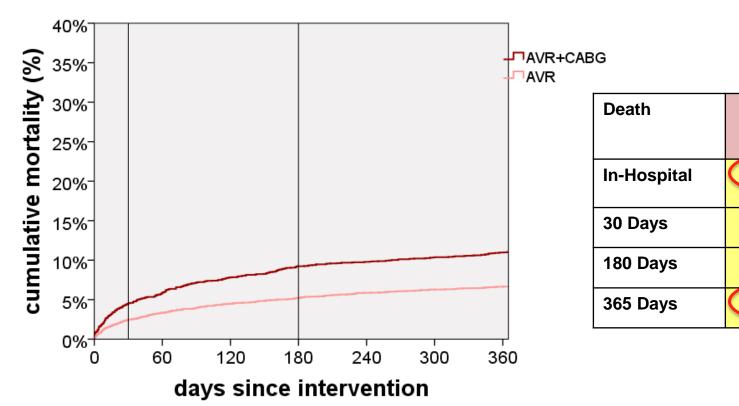
AVR

2.1%

2.4%

5.2%

6.7%



Cum.Events No. at Risk	Day 0	Day 30	Day 180	Day 365
AVR	12	158	337	430
	6523	6346	6089	5982
AVR+CABG	12	157	316	377
	3462	3293	3079	3016

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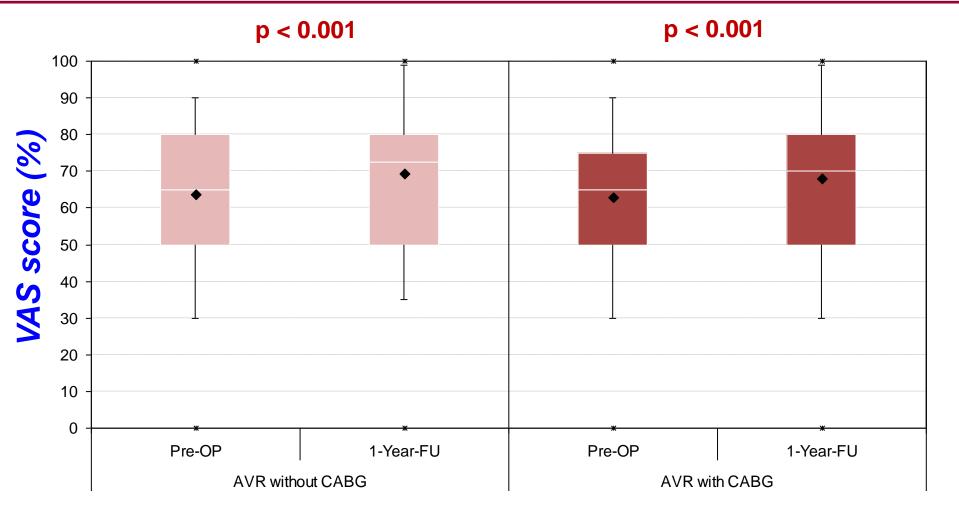
log-rank test	
p-value: < 0.001	

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VAS Score Comparison: pre-OP → 1-year-Follow Up

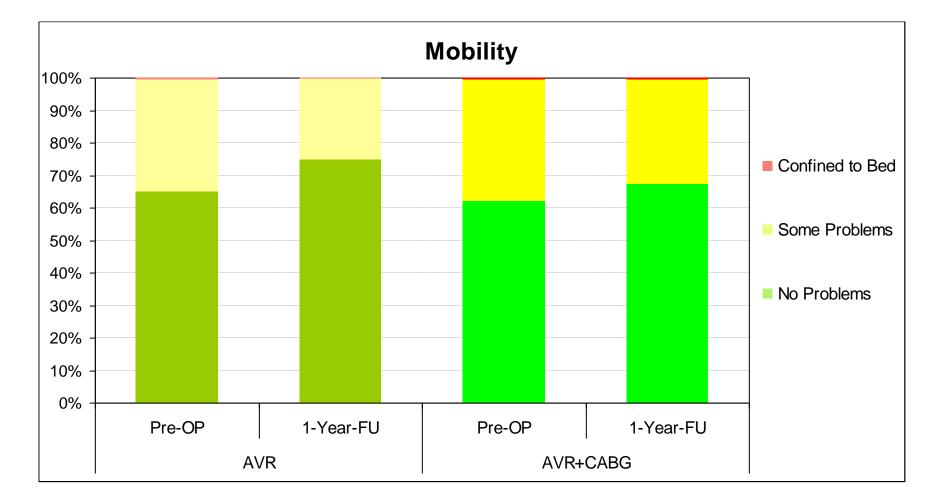
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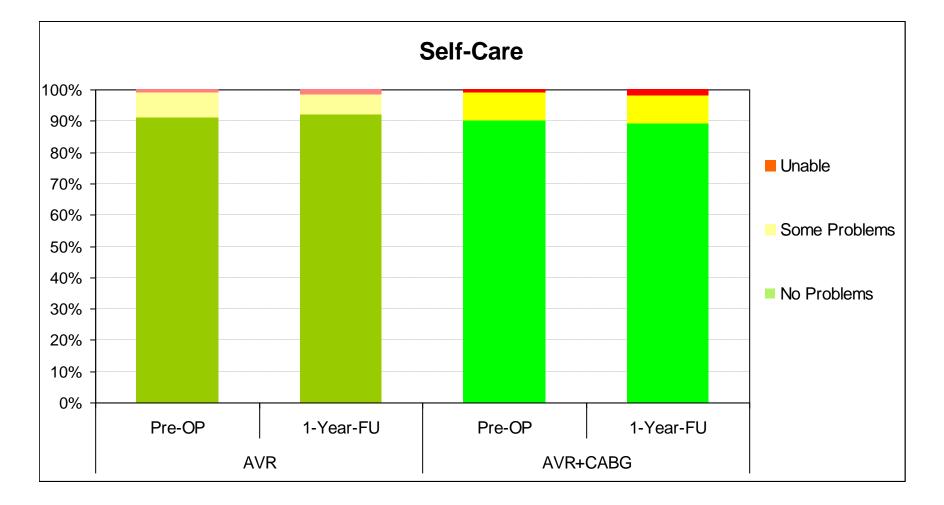






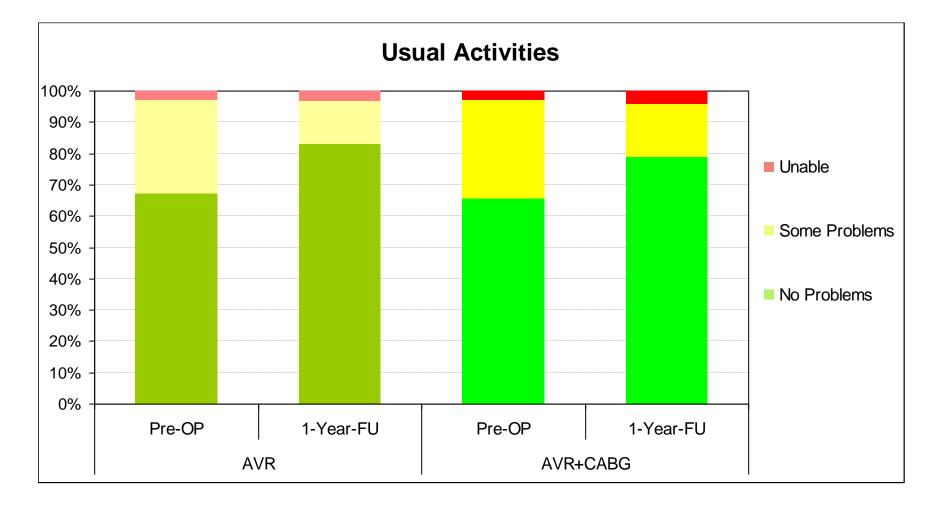






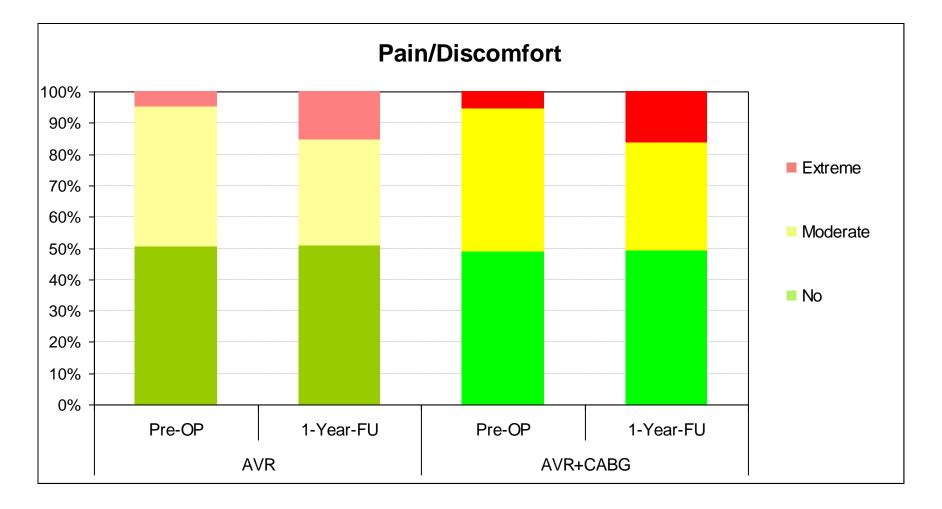






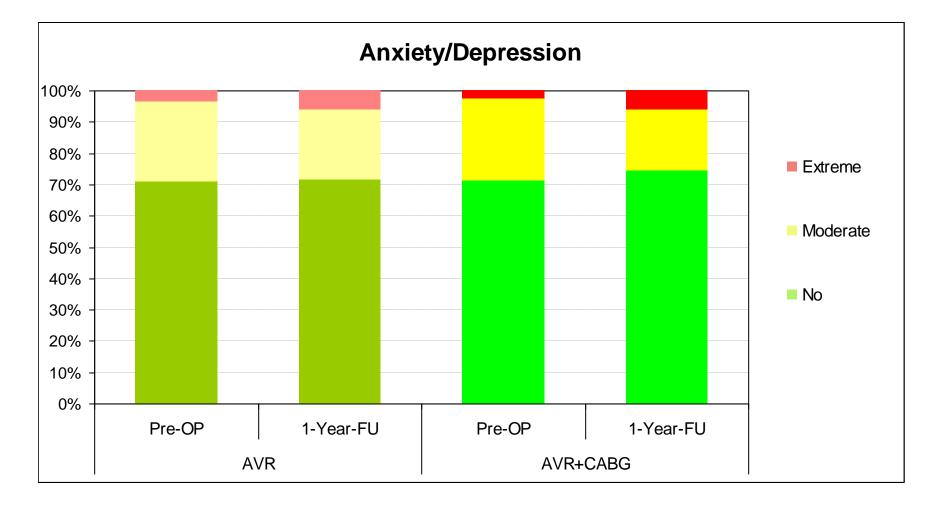






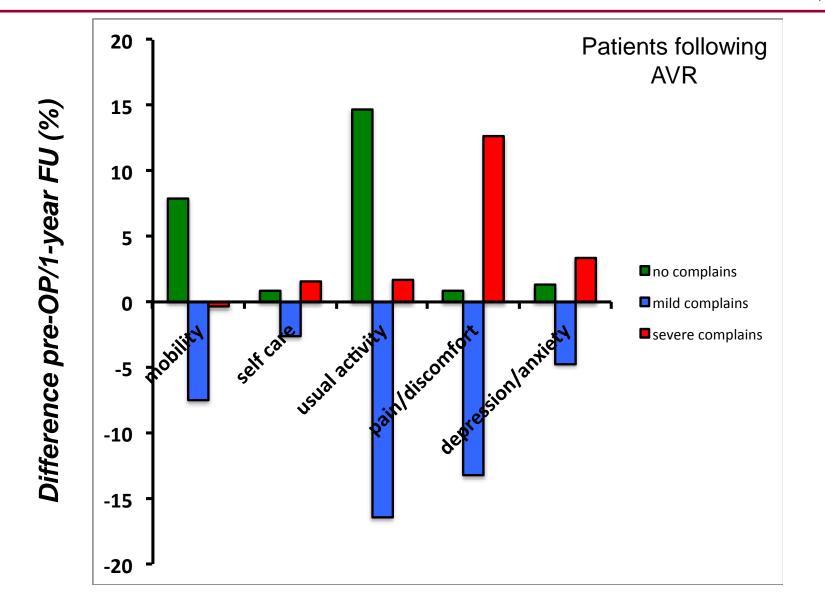




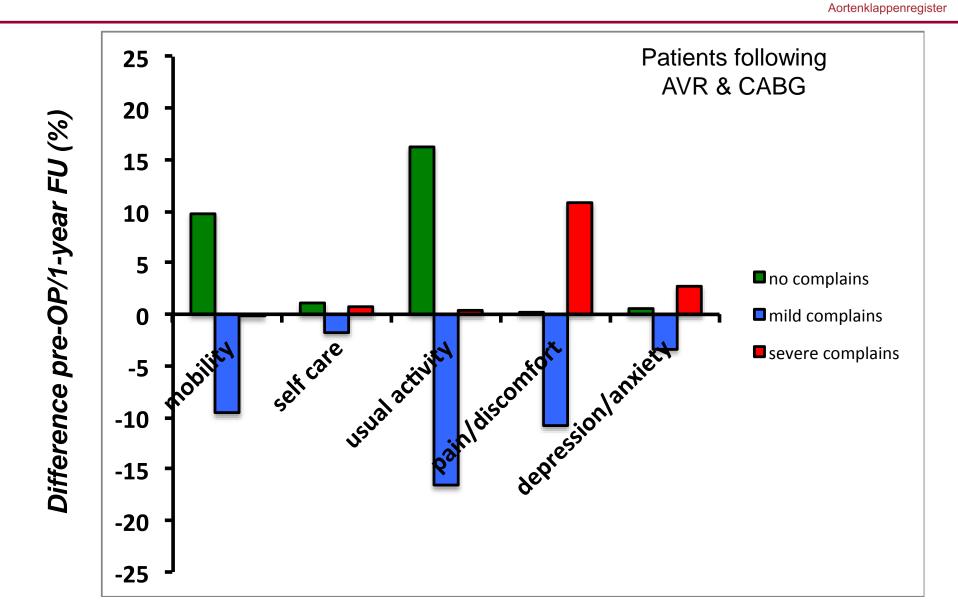














Conclusions



GARY engages a **national real world study population** with complete follow-up

Treatment of patients suffering from aortic valve disease leads to significant improvement in Quality of Life shown by
increased proportions of patients in Level 1 (uncomplicated status) in nearly all dimensions of the EQ-5D, especially in mobility and usual activity.
improved VAS Scores in the overall group as well as in the isolated AVR and combined AVR + CABG groups

The dimensions **pain/discomfort** and **anxiety/depression** demonstrate an increase for patient numbers in Level 3 reflecting a **worsening in QoL** in these categories

Further analysis should be performed to **identify patients** which have **no** treatment **benefit** in terms **o**f an improved **Quality of Life**





Thank you!



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